## **Subject-Verb Agreement**

A <u>subject</u>, whether or not it is separated from it by a number of words, <u>has</u> to agree with its verb.

A singular <u>subject goes</u> with a singular verb; plural <u>subjects go</u> with plural verbs.

## **Problems**

- 1. Most agreement problems are oversights, more frequent when something gets between the subject and its verb, as in the first example above.
- 2. Compound subjects (two subjects joined with and, or, or nor) can confuse.
- 3. Structures beginning with there is or there are can also confuse.
- 4. Indefinite pronouns
- 5. Collective nouns

## Solutions

- 1. Check each sentence of clause. Ignore phrases that intervene and are not part of the grammatical subject, even if they seem to add to the subject.
- The <u>student</u> S with many assignments <u>is</u> S often stressed.
  In the following example, two people are really responsible for good copy, but only one is the grammatical subject.
- The <u>editor</u>, **S** together with the writer, <u>is</u> **S** responsible for producing good copy.
- 2. Compound subjects (more than one subject of one verb, joined by and) count as a plural subject:
- The editor S and the writer + S are P responsible for producing good copy.
- Mike S and his friends P are coming P to the writing centre tomorrow.

Alternative subjects (more than one subject joined by *or* or *nor*) are handled slightly differently. The verb agrees with the subject closer to it, whether it is singular or plural.

- Neither the <u>editor S nor</u> the <u>writer S is S responsible for marketing</u>.
- <u>Either Michelle</u> **S or** her <u>friends</u> **P** <u>are coming</u> **P** to the writing centre tomorrow.
- Either his friends P or Mike S himself are coming P to the writing centre tomorrow.
- 3. Recognize that the subject follows there is/are. Make is/are agree with the subject. Follow the rule for compound subjects, even though they aren't in the same place.
- There is S no writing <u>problem</u> S the writing resource centre cannot address.
- There are P several ways P to address problems of subject-verb agreement.
- There are P both a tutor S and a co-ordinator + S on staff in the writing centre.
- There is S neither a spelling error S nor a comma splice S in my paper.
- There are P either misspellings P or faulty word choice S in the first paragraph.
- 4. See second handout.
- 5. See second handout.